

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-25 (Canceled)

26. (Previously Presented) A circuit for analog-to-digital conversion, comprising:
a fine channel circuit that includes folding stages;
a coarse channel circuit; and
a coarse channel calibration circuit that is coupled to the coarse channel circuit.
27. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26, further comprising:
a control circuit that is configured to provide a select signal; and
a voltage reference circuit that is configured to provide a voltage reference signal that corresponds to the select signal, wherein
the coarse channel circuit is configured to receive the voltage reference signal.
28. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26,
wherein the coarse channel circuit is configured to provide an output signal in response to a voltage reference signal, and
wherein the coarse channel calibration circuit is configured to:
receive a feedback signal from the coarse channel circuit, and
provide an adjustment signal to the coarse channel circuit in response to the feedback signal.
29. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26,
wherein the coarse channel circuit comprises an amplifier array and a comparator array, and
wherein at least one of the amplifier array or the comparator array is configured to receive an adjustment signal.
30. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 28,

wherein the output signal includes the feedback signal.

31. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26,
wherein the coarse channel calibration circuit includes:
 - a counter circuit that is coupled to the coarse channel circuit; and
 - a parameter adjustment circuit that is coupled to the counter circuit and the coarse channel circuit.
32. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 31,
wherein the parameter adjustment circuit includes a digital-to-analog converter circuit, and
wherein the digital-to-analog converter circuit is configured to provide a converted signal to the coarse channel circuit.
33. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 31, wherein
the coarse channel circuit is configured to provide a feedback signal,
the counter circuit is configured to:
 - receive the feedback signal, and
 - provide a count signal in response to the feedback signal, and whereinthe parameter adjustment circuit is configured to:
 - receive the count signal, and
 - adjust a parameter of the coarse channel circuit in response to the count signal.
34. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 33,
wherein the parameter comprises one of a single-ended current or differential current.
35. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 33,
wherein the counter circuit is configured to, if latched:
 - increment a count value that is associated with the count signal if the comparator output corresponds to a first logic level, and

decrement the count value if the comparator output corresponds to a second logic level.

36. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 33,
wherein the parameter adjustment circuit includes:
a first digital-to-analog converter circuit that is configured to convert the count signal into a first analog signal; and
a second digital-to-analog converter circuit that is configured to convert an inverted count signal into a second analog signal.
37. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 36, wherein
the coarse channel circuit includes an amplifier that is configured to provide a differential output current,
the amplifier includes:
a first load that is configured to receive a first half of the differential output current and the first analog signal; and
a second load that is configured to receive a second half of the differential output current and the second analog signal,
the first current digital-to-analog converter circuit is configured to provide the first analog signal to the first load, and wherein
the second current digital-to-analog converter circuit is configured to provide the second analog signal to the second load.
38. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 37, wherein
the first current digital-to-analog converter circuit includes:
a first current digital-to-analog converter; and
a first transistor that is coupled between the first current digital-to-analog converter and the first load,
the second current digital-to-analog converter circuit includes:

a second current digital-to-analog converter; and
a second transistor that is coupled between the first current digital-to-analog converter and the first load, and wherein
the first and second transistors are each configured to operate as cascode transistors.

39. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26, further comprising:
a control circuit that is configured to:
provide a select signal; and
provide a timing signal at a pre-determined amount of time after providing the select signal,
wherein the coarse channel circuit is configured to provide an output signal, and
wherein the coarse channel calibration circuit is configured to latch the output signal in response to the timing signal.
40. (Previously Presented) A circuit for calibration in a folding analog-to-digital conversion architecture, the circuit comprising:
a coarse channel calibration circuit that is configured to:
receive an output signal from a coarse channel circuit of a folding analog-to-digital converter circuit; and
adjust a parameter of the coarse channel circuit in response to the output signal.
41. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 40, further comprising:
a control circuit that is arranged to:
provide a select signal for selecting a voltage reference; and
assert a timing signal for latching the coarse channel calibration circuit at a pre-determined amount of time after a change of the select signal.
42. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 40,
wherein the coarse channel calibration circuit includes:

a counter circuit that is configured to provide a count signal in response to the timing signal and the output signal; and

a parameter adjustment circuit that is configured to adjust the parameter in response to the count signal.

43. (Previously Presented) A method for coarse channel calibration in a folding analog-to-digital conversion architecture, the method comprising:

providing a reference voltage to a coarse channel circuit of a folding analog-to-digital converter circuit; and

adjusting a parameter of the coarse channel circuit until an output of the coarse channel circuit is calibrated in relation to the reference voltage.

44. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 43, further comprising:

receiving a signal from the coarse channel circuit after providing the reference voltage; and
adjusting a count in response to the signal,
wherein the parameter is adjusted according to the count.

45. (Previously Presented) A circuit with an analog-to-digital conversion architecture, comprising:

means for providing a fine channel circuit with a folding analog-to-digital converter architecture;

means for providing a coarse channel circuit; and

means for calibrating the coarse channel circuit.

46. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26, wherein

the fine channel circuit is arranged to perform a fine analog-to-digital conversion of an input signal; and

wherein the coarse channel circuit is arranged to perform a coarse analog-to-digital conversion of the input signal in parallel with fine analog-to-digital conversion.

47. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26, wherein the coarse channel circuit is arranged to perform a coarse analog-to-digital conversion; and wherein the coarse channel calibration circuit is arranged to calibrate the coarse analog-to-digital conversion.
48. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 26, wherein the coarse channel circuit includes an amplifier array.
49. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 29, wherein the coarse channel calibration circuit is configured to:
receive a feedback signal from the coarse channel circuit, and
provide the adjustment signal to the coarse channel circuit in response to the feedback signal.
50. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 40, further comprising:
a fine channel circuit that is arranged to perform a fine analog-to-digital conversion of an input signal in parallel with a coarse analog-to-digital conversion of the input signal performed by the coarse channel circuit.
51. (Previously Presented) A circuit for analog-to-digital conversion, comprising:
a folding analog-to-digital converter, including:
a fine channel circuit that is coupled to an input node;
a coarse channel circuit that is coupled to the input node; and
a coarse channel calibration circuit that is coupled to the coarse channel circuit.
52. (New) The circuit of Claim 51, further comprising an encoder circuit, wherein

the fine channel circuit is operable to provide a fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a fine analog-to-digital conversion on an input signal that is received at the input node;

the coarse channel circuit is operable to provide a coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a coarse analog-to-digital conversion on the input signal;

the encoder circuit is operable to provide a digital output signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal and the fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal;

the coarse channel calibration circuit is operable to receive the coarse analog-to-digital output signal, and to provide an adjustment signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital output signal; and

wherein the coarse channel circuit includes:

a comparator array including a plurality of comparators, wherein

the comparator array is operable to receive the input signal and a plurality of coarse reference voltages, and to provide a plurality of comparator output signals;

the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal is the plurality of comparator output signals; and

wherein each of the plurality of comparators in the comparator array is arranged to: compare the input signal with a corresponding one of the plurality of coarse reference voltages, and to provide a corresponding one of the plurality of comparator output signals based on the comparison.

53. (New) The circuit of Claim 51, further comprising an encoder circuit, wherein

the fine channel circuit is operable to provide a fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a fine analog-to-digital conversion on an input signal that is received at the input node;

the coarse channel circuit is operable to provide a coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a coarse analog-to-digital conversion on the input signal;

the encoder circuit is operable to provide a digital output signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal and the fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal;

the coarse channel calibration circuit is operable to receive the coarse analog-to-digital output signal, and to provide an adjustment signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital output signal; and

wherein the coarse channel circuit includes:

at least one amplifier array, wherein the at least one amplifier array is operable to provide a plurality of amplifier output signals based, at least in part, on the input signal;

a comparator array including a plurality of comparators, wherein

the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal is the plurality of comparator output signals; and

wherein the comparator array is operable to receive the plurality of amplifier output signals, and to provide a plurality of comparator output signals, wherein each of the plurality of comparator output signals is based on a comparison of the input signal to a corresponding one of the plurality of coarse reference voltages, and wherein the at least one amplifier array provides gain prior to the comparison.

54. (New) The circuit of Claim 51, further comprising an encoder circuit, wherein

the fine channel circuit is operable to provide a fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a fine analog-to-digital conversion on an input signal that is received at the input node;

the coarse channel circuit is operable to provide a coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a coarse analog-to-digital conversion on the input signal;

the encoder circuit is operable to provide a digital output signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal and the fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal;

the coarse channel calibration circuit is operable to receive the coarse analog-to-digital output signal, and to provide an adjustment signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital output signal;

the coarse channel circuit includes:

a comparator array including a plurality of comparators, wherein

the comparator array is operable to receive the input signal and a plurality of coarse reference voltages, and to provide a plurality of comparator output signals;

the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal is the plurality of comparator output signals; and

wherein each of the plurality of comparators in the comparator array is arranged to: compare the input signal with a corresponding one of the plurality of coarse reference voltages, and to provide a corresponding one of the plurality of comparator output signals based on the comparison;

the comparator array is operable to receive the adjustment signal; and

wherein the comparator array is configured such that a parameter of the comparator array is adjusted based on the adjustment signal.

55. (New) The circuit of Claim 51, further comprising an encoder circuit, wherein

the fine channel circuit is operable to provide a fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a fine analog-to-digital conversion on an input signal that is received at the input node;

the coarse channel circuit is operable to provide a coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a coarse analog-to-digital conversion on the input signal;

the encoder circuit is operable to provide a digital output signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal and the fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal;

the coarse channel calibration circuit is operable to receive the coarse analog-to-digital output signal, and to provide an adjustment signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital output signal;

the coarse channel circuit includes:

at least one amplifier array, wherein the at least one amplifier array is operable to provide a plurality of amplifier output signals based, at least in part, on the input signal;

a comparator array including a plurality of comparators, wherein

the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal is the plurality of comparator output signals;

the comparator array is operable to receive the plurality of amplifier output signals, and to provide a plurality of comparator output signals, wherein each of the plurality of comparator output signals is based on a comparison of the input signal to a corresponding one of the plurality of coarse reference voltages, and wherein the at least one amplifier array provides gain prior to the comparison;

the comparator array is operable to receive the adjustment signal; and

wherein the comparator array is configured such that a parameter of the comparator array is adjusted based on the adjustment signal.

56. (New) The circuit of Claim 51, further comprising an encoder circuit, wherein

the fine channel circuit is operable to provide a fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a fine analog-to-digital conversion on an input signal that is received at the input node;

the coarse channel circuit is operable to provide a coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal by performing a coarse analog-to-digital conversion on the input signal;

the encoder circuit is operable to provide a digital output signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal and the fine analog-to-digital conversion output signal;

the coarse channel calibration circuit is operable to receive the coarse analog-to-digital output signal, and to provide an adjustment signal based on the coarse analog-to-digital output signal;

the coarse channel circuit includes:

at least one amplifier array, wherein the at least one amplifier array is operable to provide a plurality of amplifier output signals based, at least in part, on the input signal;

a comparator array including a plurality of comparators, wherein

the coarse analog-to-digital conversion output signal is the plurality of comparator output signals;

the comparator array is operable to receive the plurality of amplifier output signals, and to provide a plurality of comparator output signals, wherein each of the plurality of comparator output signals is based on a comparison of the input signal to a corresponding one of the

plurality of coarse reference voltages, and wherein the at least one amplifier array provides gain prior to the comparison; and

wherein at least one of the at least one amplifier array is operable to receive the adjustment signal such that a parameter of the at least one amplifier array in the at least one amplifier array is adjusted based on the adjustment signal.